# A Collaborative Science Education Activity for students in the United States, Chile and Mexico 

Eratosthenes Method to determine the Circumference of the Earth

## Materials Needed

1. A large sheet of paper ( 11 " $\times 17$ " will work) or the Shortest Shadow Circle (SSC) downloadable at www.educared.cl
2. Compass
3. Level
4. Plummet or plumb bob (optional)
5. Gnomon (Note: a gnomon is the 'pointer' on a sundial.) Your gnomon can be a straight stick or an empty tube. Your gnomon must be able to stand independently and should be set such that is stands vertically. A longer gnomon will result in a more accurate measurement.
6. Pencil or Pen

## Procedure

## Register your team

1. You will need to form a team and register this team online at
www.measureyourworld.org/register.php A team should consist of one adult sponsor (teacher, parent or adult community member), one bilingual speaker (someone that is bilingual in English and Spanish), and at least one student. Registration is open from August. $13^{\text {th }}$ - September $14^{\text {th }}$.
2. After registration, your team will be partnered with two other teams to form a MYW Partnership. The MYW Partnership will consist of three teams, one each from the U.S., Chile, and Mexico. Partnership information will be mailed to you on September $21^{\text {st }}$.
3. Meet your partners through online communication between September $21^{\text {st }}$ and $29^{\text {th }}$. You are encouraged to learn
about the geography and culture of your partner teams (see partnership checklist at www.measureyourworld.org/part_checklist.html) and share this online at www.measureyourworld.org/part_share.php

## Preparation - Determining solar noon and identifying your location

1. Choose the day(s) that you will most likely take your measurement. You can take as many as one measurement per day between September $29^{\text {th }}$ and October $7^{\text {th }}$.
2. Determine solar noon for your location on the day(s) you plan to take a measurement. (for help visit www.measureyourworld.org/meas_solarnoon.html)
3. Gather your materials. If you are using the SSC, download and print.
4. Identify an appropriate place outside where you can take your measurement(s). There are two important steps in identifying a location:
a. Identify a place that is away from trees and buildings to eliminate extra shadows. b. Your chosen surface must be level. You can use a level surface on the ground (such as a concrete walkway) or a flat table. Use a level to make sure your surface is horizontal.

## Set up and measure

Plan on doing a practice set up at least a day or two in advance of the day you plan to take your measurement(s).

1. About 20 minutes before solar noon on your measurement day, take all of your materials and go to your chosen location.

## NMeasure-Your World

2. Place your paper or SSC on a level surface.

3. Place your gnomon near one edge and mark the location with a pencil, or if using the SSC, in the center. Be sure the gnomon is set such that is stands vertically. The plummet or plumb bob may help you with this.

4. a. If using a sheet of paper, use the compass to mark North.
b. If using the SSC, use the compass so that the arrow (with the letter N ) in the SSC points to the North.
5. At solar noon, using a pencil, mark the top of the shadow on your SSC or paper.


Note: It is likely that the top of your shadow will be 'fuzzy.' Please measure in the middle.
6. Measure the length of the shortest shadow cast by the gnomon.


Report, Calculate and Report!

1. Complete the Shadow Measurement Report Form (Page 3) and report online at www.measureyourworld.org/rep_shadow.php
2. Share your measurements with your Partnership. A data lookup is available to review all your Partnership's shadow measurements at www.measureyourworld.org/calc_datalookup.php
3. Calculate the Earth's circumference following the steps on Page 4.
For complete information, visit
www.measureyourworld.org/calculate.html
4. Complete the Earth's Circumference Report Form (Page 4) and report online at at www.measureyourworld.org/rep_earthcirc.php

## Shadow Measurement Report Form

( ${ }^{*}=$ required fields)
Please fill out this form for each measurement you make. You can make up to one shadow measurement per day between September 29th and October $7^{\text {th }}$. After completing this form, report your data online at www.measureyourworld.org/rep_shadow.php

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*Measure Your World ID:
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$\qquad$

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(For help, visit www.measureyourworld.org/ reg_id_reminder.php)
*Local Time:
``` \(\qquad\)
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(This time must be close to local solar noon.)
Date
*Month:

``` \(\qquad\)
```

*Day:

``` \(\qquad\)
```

Location (For help, visit www.measureyourworld.org/meas_latlon.html)
*Latitude:

``` \(\qquad\)
``` North | South
*Longitude:
``` \(\qquad\)
``` West
Elevation:
``` \(\qquad\)
``` meters
*Height of gnomon:
``` \(\qquad\)
``` cm
*Length of shortest shadow:
``` \(\qquad\)
``` cm
Report your data online at www.measureyourworld.org/rep_shadow.php
```


## Calculate the Earth's Circumference (and radius)

There are 6 main steps involved in calculating the circumference (and radius) of the Earth. For complete information on each of the steps, please visit www.measureyourworld.org/calculate.html

1. Measure the length of the shadow cast by a gnomon at local solar noon. For MYW, this will be done with your Partnership in each of three locations; United States of America, Chile, and Mexico. Report this online at www.measureyourworld.org/rep_shadow.php
2. Determine the angle of the shadow in each location, called the gnomon-sunbeam angle.
3. Determine the vertical angle by combining (either adding or subtracting depending on the latitude) the angles at pairs of locations from your MYW Partnership.
4. Determine the separation distance between measurement locations projected over the zenithal circle. This can be found using the online distance calculator at www.measureyourworld.org/calc_calculator.html
5. Calculate the Earth's circumference (and radius) using the vertical angle (step 3) and separation distance (step 4) between locations for each pair of locations.
6. Average the Earth's circumference (and radius) values for each pair of locations you calculated to get a final value for the Earth's circumference and radius! Report this online at www.measureyourworld.org/rep_earthcirc.php

## Earth's Circumference Report Form

(* = required fields)
Each team in your MYW Partnership can report their calculation of the Earth's circumference. After completing this form, report your data online at www.measureyourworld.org/rep_earthcirc.php
*Measure Your World ID: $\qquad$
(For help, visit www.measureyourworld.org/ reg_id_reminder.php)
*Earth's circumference: $\qquad$ km
*Earth's radius: $\qquad$ km

## Additional Information:

Report this calculation online at www.measureyourworld.org/rep_earthcirc.php

